A little bit about

Swappable Battery Systems

and how they can help decarbonise our mobility sector

With the signing of the Green Deal, the EU put in place an ambitious plan be climate neutral by 2050 and decarbonise society with specific GREEN sector goals. The transport sector which currently **DEAL** represent 25% of all GHG emission in the EU, must bring down its emissions by 90% by 2050.

EU Emissions share per sector . Agriculture psst! 25% of GHG emissions in EU stem from transport How does swappable battery stations work?



Your battery is running low, you go to the charging station...



Instead of charging your vehicle, Wait? no, you don't have to simply replace your empty battery with a full one!



wait you are ready to continue!

The swapping station will have a different set-up, structure and size depending on the type of vehicles it is required to serve!

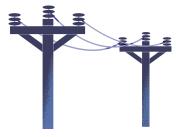
What are the advantages?











Electric vehicles in general contribute to making society more sustainable; as a component of urban mobility plans, they can contribute to making the air cleaner

As it is much faster to swap a battery than charge one, swappable battery stations shortens the waiting time for the users of electric vehicles related to the repowering of their vehicles

It allows for decoupling the battery from the vehicle, will make it cheaper to buy an electric vehicle, while the maintenance as well as the recycling will be transferred to the battery station owner

One of the barriers for using electric vehicles, is concern over not being able to reach the destination in time, with a network of stations with full batteries the range anxiety decreases

The swappable battery stations can better provide flexibility to the electricity grid compared to conventional charging stations who must deliver power when the user demands

When is it coming to a street near me?

Despite the rising popularity for electrified micromobility in Europe, which could give grounds for diffusion of swappable battery systems the technology has yet to quick of in Europe. A few keys for success:



Standardised battery types which can be used across different producers in Europe's diverse automotive market.



To convince the consumers to switch from regular charging to battery swapping there must be a network of stations which can cover their need for recharging on the go. Developing such a network will require significant investments in infrastructure.



A clear business model which can compete with established charging networks, and which does not cause constraints or instability to the **electricity distribution**.





In this diversified and complex global context, the STAN4SWAP project aims to develop a robust standardization roadmap towards boosting innovation and deployment for Swappable Battery Systems for light category electric vehicles as an interoperable and user-friendly technology which can contribute to the decarbonization of the Mobility-Transport sector.



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